

CONTRACT TO CLOSE

# Buyer & Seller Guidance

*Everything you and your clients need to stay on track from executed contract to closing day.*

Buyer Checklist

Seller Checklist

Client Checklists

Inspections

Agent Responsibilities



# Buyer checklist

- Signed showing agreement on file
- Pre-approval or DU approval collected and confirmed
- RealScout search built and dialed in to actual criteria
- Offer submitted with all LPT compliance forms attached
- Escrow deposited within 3 days of effective date
- Inspection scheduled well before the deadline
- Condo rider / verification email sent, if applicable
- Association approval application submitted as soon as the offer is accepted, if applicable
- Appraisal ordered and contingency dates tracked
- Final walk-through completed before closing

## Seller checklist

- Seller's Property Disclosure completed and signed
- Listing photos, description, and MLS entry finalized
- HOA/condo docs requested and ready for buyers
- Every offer presented to the seller immediately upon receipt
- Open permits/violations addressed per contract policy
- HOA account current before closing (per Additional Terms)
- Repair/concession negotiations documented in FUB
- Closing date and any extensions confirmed with all parties
- Final walk-through coordinated with the buyer's agent

## HAND THIS TO YOUR CLIENT

# Checklist for your buyer

*Share this with buyer clients so they know exactly what's expected of them along the way.*

- Get pre-approved with a lender (or have proof of funds ready if paying cash)
- Sign your showing agreement before touring homes
- Review offer documents promptly — delays can cost you the home
- Deposit your earnest money within the timeframe stated in your contract
- Schedule your inspection right away once you're under contract
- Review your closing disclosure before your final walk-through
- Complete your final walk-through before closing
- Bring a valid photo ID to closing and be ready to sign

## HAND THIS TO YOUR CLIENT

# Checklist for your seller

*Share this with seller clients so they know exactly what's expected of them along the way.*

- Complete the Seller's Property Disclosure honestly and in full
- Have HOA/condo documents ready and available if applicable
- Keep the home ready to show on short notice
- Review every offer with your agent as soon as it comes in — don't sit on one
- Address any agreed-upon repairs before the final walk-through
- Have keys, garage remotes, and any codes ready for closing
- Coordinate the final walk-through with the buyer's agent
- Cancel or transfer utilities and homeowner's insurance around the closing date

# Guiding clients through inspection findings

When a client sees something on the inspection report, help them separate what actually matters from what doesn't. Cosmetic issues — paint, minor wear, dated finishes — are things a seller is rarely willing to fix, and generally aren't worth fighting for.

Code, safety, electrical, structural, or roof issues are a different story. If something real turns up, your buyer generally has three options: negotiate a buyer concession at closing, ask the seller to fix the issue before closing, or back out during the inspection period if it's a dealbreaker.

*Your job is to help them tell the difference between "annoying" and "actually a problem" — that's what keeps a deal together.*

## Escrow, deadlines & cancellations

- A buyer's escrow becomes non-refundable after every contingency has cleared — or, if financing, at the loan commitment date if the loan is denied
- A buyer can pull out at any time during their due diligence period
- Always send a cancellation before the due diligence deadline if the seller hasn't agreed to terms — never risk your client's escrow money by letting the deadline pass
- If you extend a closing date, always communicate with the lender and confirm whether the loan commitment date needs to extend too
- Stay on top of every contingency date — mark them in your calendar; your TC will help, but you own this

***Missed deadlines cost real money. When in doubt, send the cancellation and protect the deposit — you can always renegotiate.***

# Smart questions to ask the listing agent

*Asking the right questions by property type shows your client you actually have their best interest at heart.*

- Single-family: any known repairs, permits pulled, age of roof/AC/water heater, flood zone status
- Condo: warrantable status, reserve health, pending assessments, rental restrictions, inspection reports (Milestone/SIRS)
- Multi-family: current leases and terms, rent roll, tenant estoppels, unit-by-unit condition
- Land/lot: zoning, utilities availability, soil/perc test history, easements or access restrictions
- Commercial: current NOI, lease terms, CAM charges, zoning/use restrictions, environmental reports

*The right question at the right moment is what separates an agent who's just showing homes from one who's actually protecting a client.*

## What's expected of you at the final walk-through

- Confirm the property's condition matches what was agreed to — nothing new broken, nothing missing that was included in the sale
- Verify any negotiated repairs were actually completed
- Test major systems and appliances that convey with the sale
- Bring the contract and repair addendum with you so you can check off exactly what was promised

*The walk-through is the client's last chance to catch a problem before funds transfer — treat it with real attention, not as a formality.*

## Responsibilities of a buyer's agent

- Understanding your buyer's real criteria — budget, must-haves, and deal-breakers — not just what's in the RealScout search
- Advising on price and offer strategy with real comps and data, not guesswork
- Scheduling and attending showings, and giving honest feedback on every property toured
- Reviewing every document with your buyer before they sign — disclosures, the contract, the condo rider, all of it
- Tracking every deadline on the file — inspection, appraisal, escrow — and keeping your buyer ahead of them, not behind
- Managing the file all the way through closing, with the same attention as the listing side

***Your buyer is trusting you to protect their interests on the biggest purchase of their life — treat every step accordingly.***

## Responsibilities of a seller's agent

- Marketing the property — professional photos, compelling listing description, proper MLS setup
- Price-guiding the seller with real data, not just what they want to hear
- Presenting every offer to the seller as soon as it's received — never sit on one
- Coordinating showings, feedback, and communication throughout the listing period
- Managing the file all the way through closing, with the same attention as the buyer side

***Presenting offers immediately isn't optional — it's a fiduciary responsibility to your seller.***