

How Bank Outsourcing Creates the Infrastructure Scammers Exploit

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THE PROBLEM

When Americans open a bank account, they believe their financial data is protected by the institution they trust. That assumption is increasingly false.

Major banks are quietly outsourcing core operations — including direct access to customer account systems — to third-party contractors operating in regions with documented fraud activity. No federal law requires disclosure of where these contractors are located. No law mandates real-time monitoring of their access. No whistleblower protection exists for the overseas employees who witness abuse.

\$3.4B

Elder fraud losses (2023) 3–5× higher unreported

69,000+

Victims in Coinbase/TaskUs breach alone

784,000

Accenture employees with access to bank systems

THE DOCUMENTED CASE: COINBASE / TASKUS BREACH (2024–2025)

- ▶ A TaskUs contractor in Indore, India photographed and sold 200 customer records per day — names, SSNs, balances, government IDs — for \$200 per image.
- ▶ Over 69,000 Coinbase customers were affected. Criminals impersonated Coinbase staff using the stolen data. Multiple victims lost their entire retirement savings.
- ▶ TaskUs concealed the breach for months, filed regulatory documents claiming no material breach, and simultaneously negotiated a \$1.6 billion acquisition.
- ▶ Victims had no notification for 7 months — no law required it. No monitoring caught it. No whistleblower reported it safely.

EXAMPLE: Accenture — Truist Bank's primary outsourcing partner since 2017 — employs 784,000 people globally including 80,000 in Bonifacio Global City, Philippines, the same area where the U.S. Treasury has sanctioned scam compound operations. Truist forced laid-off employees to become Accenture contractors in 2024. Customers were never informed.

THE REGULATORY GAP

Current law does not require financial institutions or their contractors to:

- ▶ Disclose the geographic location of personnel with access to customer account systems
- ▶ Implement real-time behavioral monitoring at outsourced data access points
- ▶ Provide a protected reporting channel for overseas contractor employees

GLBA, OCC Third-Party Risk Guidance (2023-17), and Dodd-Frank all address adjacent issues — none close these specific gaps.

THREE TARGETED ASKS

1.

Geographic Disclosure

Require banks to disclose in annual reports where third-party contractors with account access are located. (Amend GLBA §501)

2.

Real-Time Monitoring

Mandate behavioral monitoring at all outsourced access points — key logging, anomaly detection, escalation protocols. (Joint OCC/CFPB rulemaking)

3.

Whistleblower Pathway

Create a protected, anonymous reporting channel for outsourced contractor employees who observe data misuse. (Amend Dodd-Frank §922)