

LEGACY PREPARATORY



CHARTER ACADEMY

Fentanyl Training

LPCA

Stanford University Free tools

<https://med.stanford.edu/halpern-felsher-reach-lab/preventions-interventions.html>

Our **REACH Lab** has developed and distributed several prevention and intervention Toolkits and curriculums aimed at preventing and reducing adolescent and young adult substance use. All of these curriculums are evidence-informed and evidence-based, and are completely free and available online. These resources are geared towards anyone who works with youth, including educators, administrators, healthcare providers, and parents/guardians.

The goals of these curriculums are for students to understand basic information about different drugs, gain awareness of deceptive marketing strategies used by manufacturers to lure youth to use, and gain skills to refuse experimentation and use of drug use. The curriculums provide critical lessons explaining adolescent brain development and addiction, positive youth development, and health effects.

Drew's 27 Chains-Free Narcan

Drew's 27 Chains is a nonprofit organization dedicated to bringing awareness to and alleviating opioid overdoses.

Crow is now teaching local first responder departments how to use **ZIMHI**.

Fentanyl is a synthetic opioid that is up to 50 times stronger than heroin and 100 times stronger than morphine. This drug is normally safe when taken as prescribed by a doctor, but accidental overdoses can occur when it is illegally manufactured and mixed with other substances like counterfeit pills, heroin, cocaine, and methamphetamine. Cases of fentanyl-related harm, overdoses, and deaths in Texas and the United States are linked to illegally made fentanyl.

75,673 deaths were reported in the United States as a result of opioid overdoses in April 2021, according to the Texas Rescue Patrol. This figure has risen from 56,064 recorded deaths for 2020.

ZIMHI is a new opioid antagonist medication intended for emergency treatment of opioid overdose cases. This medicine is administered through an EpiPen into the thigh of an individual and provides a stronger dose of naloxone into the body.

This medication is available through pharmacies without the need for a prescription.

"It is definitely a game-changer. These people are becoming more awake and conscious and breathing on their own faster than with a nasal spray," **said Crow**, according to CBS News.

Crow said that she wished medical professionals had used this method on her son, then 27 years old, who overdosed on fentanyl in 2020. The responding officer didn't administer naloxone, and Drew passed away after 36 hours in the ICU.

<https://txaf.org>

<https://txaf.org/thetuckerproject>

TXAF.org is actively engaged in getting a fentanyl curriculum made, in partnership with a leading national textbook publisher.

By aligning a fentanyl curriculum to state health education standards, teachers can more easily integrate it into their lesson plans and ensure that it meets the relevant learning objectives and criteria for effective health education.

<https://txaf.org/schedule-an-event>

TXAF

What They'll Learn, Will Save Their Lives.

- Classroom discussions and case studies
- Guest speakers from healthcare and law enforcement professionals
 - Assessments of knowledge and skills
 - Emphasis on safety and responsibility